[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1211.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1768.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Auguſt* 1.

WE have received Advice, that the Ruſſian Troops lately forced the Town of Balta, in Leſſer Tartary, Sword in Hand, in order to ſeize ſome Poliſh Confederates who had taken Refuge there. This News occaſions a great Ferment here, ſeveral Turks and Tartars being killed on this Occaſion. Since we received Advice of this Violation of the Territory of the Empire, Preparations are making on all Sides to ſecure the Frontiers, and put ourſelves in a State of Defence. The Porte has ſent Orders into Romelia, to aſſemble the Troops in that Country, and march them towards the Nieſter. The Kan of that Province, and Two Corps of Volunteers, of 3000 Men each, are to take the ſame Route, and ſeveral Chiefs are ordered to furniſh their Contingents of Troops.

MODENA, *Auguſt* 4. The Duke, our Sovereign, hath ſent Orders to the Sieur Marbuſio, his Miniſter at the Holy See, to be break off all Conferences with the Miniſters of the Court of Rome; alſo to leave that Capital, and repair to Madrid, in the ſame Character.

WARSAW, *Auguſt* 13. The Confederates of Siradia have been defeated by the Ruſſians, between Petricow and Przedborz; 120 Men were ſlain in the Action, 80 made Priſoners, and the reſt diſperſed.

GENOA, *Auguſt* 20. We have Advice from St. Fiorenzo, that 5000 more French Troops have been diſembarked there; and that they are employed at Baſtia in conſtructing and fitting out a great Number of armed Veſſels, deſtined for an Enterprize againſt the Iſland of Capraia.

PISA, *Auguſt* 20. Letters from Corſica import, that the French were retired from before Furiani, after leaving ſome Troops on the Hills in the Neighbourhood of that Place; that the Corſicans had attacked them on one of thoſe Eminences, which they had fortified with Two Pieces of Braſs Cannon, and killed, or made Priſoners, moſt Part of the Detachment, and took the Two Pieces of Cannon. The Marſhal de Marbeuf had alſo attacked Biguglia, but his Troops were repulſed with Loſs, as well as at Furiani, where they have made Two unſucceſsful Attacks. Theſe Letters add, that the Corſicans have made themſelves Maſters of all the Cattle which the French had brought into the Heart of the Iſland, and put to Paſture in the Plains of St. Pancrazio.

They expect, at St. Fiorenzo, a French Squadron, compoſed of Two Ships of the Line, Four Xebecks, and Three Frigates, to attack the Two Towers in the Gulph of that Name, which are yet in the Hands of the Corſicans.

WARSAW, *Auguſt* 24. Yeſterday Evening, a Fourth Courier arrived at Prince Repnin's, with Advice of the taking of Cracow, which, though we have not received a particular Account of, the Circumſtances in general are as follow: "On the 18th Inſtant, General Apraxin received an Expreſs from Prince Repnin, with Orders to ſtorm the Place; accordingly, on the 19th, at Two o'Clock in the Morning, the Ruſſians began the Aſſault, and, in order to divide the Forces of the Beſieged, made Two falſe Attacks. When they came to the Foot of the Wall, they blew open the Gates with Petards, in order to let in their Cavalry; but the Beſieged had ſtopped up the Way, by planting Cheſts filled with Stones, and digging ſeveral deep Ditches; notwithſtanding all theſe Difficulties, and the continual Fire of the Confederates, the Ruſſians forced their Way through, and their Cavalry entered the Town. They had no ſooner got in, but the Confederates made a terrible Fire upon them from the adjacent Houſes, and the Prieſts were very active in encouraging the People to make a vigorous Defence: Nevertheleſs, the Ruſſian Officers and Soldiers committed no Exceſſes, though they could have made a terrible Slaughter; but immediately publiſhed, by Sound of Trumpet, that all who would lay down their Arms, ſhould be pardoned. This had the deſired Effect, for moſt of the principal Poles ſurrendered immediately, and the People following their Example, laid down their Arms; a ſmall Part only of the Mutineers retired into the Jeſuits Convent, and defended themſelves there, ſo that the Conquerors were obliged to take that Building by Force. This Event would have been fatal to the Jeſuits, if Prince Repnin had not before granted them a Pardon, on account of their protecting the Diſſidents againſt the Fury of the Mutineers, even ſo far as to give them Money to ſupport them under their Miſery. The Loſs of the Ruſſians amounts to about 500 Men, and would not have been ſo conſiderable, if the Confederates, having no more Lead, had not been obliged to make Uſe of Pieces of Copper and Braſs, to ſupply the Place of Ball. Among the Ruſſian Officers, Colonel Igelſtroom, and Major Patkul, were wounded. Above 3000 of the Confederates ſurrendered to them."

PARIS, *Auguſt* 29. The Duke de Lauzun, and the Marquis de Laval, on Advice of an Action in Corſica, ſet out immediately from Toulon, without waiting for the Arrival of the Marquis de Chauvelin. To accelerate the Conqueſt of that Iſland, we are aſſured that the Miniſtry have reſolved to ſend thither another Regiment of Infantry, and a Company of Artillery.

LONDON,

Sept. 1. It is talked, that the Diviſions of Marines at Portſmouth, Plymouth, and Chatham, will be filled up to their full Complement; alſo that the Guard-Ships will be completely manned.

It was Yeſterday current in the City, that Preſs-Warrants will ſpeedily be iſſued, for the immediate Supply of a large Body of Seamen for the Service of Government.

Some Diſpatches of Importance have juſt been received from Admiral Spry, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Squadron in the Mediterranean.

We hear from Edinburgh, that the Recruiting Officers in the North of Scotland, have but little Succeſs in raiſing Men for the Land Service, from a Report, that they are to be ſent to fight againſt their Countrymen in America.

Yeſterday the Earl of Hillſborough, Secretary of State for the Affairs of America, came to Town from his Seat in the Country, having, it is ſaid, been ſent for, on account of ſome Diſpatches received from America.

By a private Letter from France, we hear a Fleet of 36 Men of War of the Line are now fitting out at Breſt, and will be ready for Sea in a ſhort Time.

Sept. 2. By a private Letter from Madrid, we are informed, that the frequent Return of Couriers between this Court and Verſailles, give Riſe to Conjectures that Matters of Importance are on the Tapis.

Advices from Poland of the 13th Ult. by this Day's Mails, mention the Increaſe of the Troubles in that Kingdom, and the forming new Confederacies, particularly one at Peterkau, which was ſoon after deſtroyed by the Ruſſian Troops, who made ſome Hundreds of the Confederates Priſoners: Another is formed at Opatow, which will probably ſoon meet with the ſame Fate as the preceding.

They write from Gibraltar, that a large Supply of Ammunition, Arms, and Money, had lately been ſent the Corſicans, on board Three foreign Veſſels, under Barbary Colours, which occaſions much Speculation.

Very ſpeedy Changes in the Adminiſtration, are much talked of, viz. that the Lord Chancellor, Lord Chatham, and Lord Shelburne, will ſoon reſign, on account of a late Affair; and that Lord Egmont is to be appointed Secretary of State. It is added, that a certain late Governor, and great Military Commander, will have an Iriſh Peerage, and a valuable Sinecure in England.——Theſe are only mentioned as Reports, for the Truth of which we cannot anſwer.

A noble Lord, we hear, is determined, while he is Secretary of State, to ſee that the Buſineſs of every Office in his Department, ſhall be executed by the Perſon who receives the Salary.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, Auguſt 24.

"Yeſterday Advice was received from the Neighbourhood of Cracow, that Prince Martin Lubomirſki, attempting to get out of that City, with ſome Hundreds of his Adherents, had been attacked by the Ruſſians, who killed 290 of them, made 200 Priſoners, and diſperſed the reſt, who are retired with the Prince, towards the Frontiers of Hungary."

Sept. 6. Yeſterday, in the Afternoon, the Earl of Rochford arrived at his Houſe in Lower Groſvenor-Street, from Paris.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, Aug. 12.

"The Aquilon Engliſh Frigate arrived here the 9th of this Month, from Corſica; on board of which was Mr. Murray, who had been Two Days in Conference with General Paoli. This Gentleman has continued his Route by Land for London, accompanied by a Corſican, ſent thither on the Part of General Paoli; and the Frigate has ſince ſailed for Port-Mahon.

"By a French Polacre, juſt arrived from Algiers, we learn, that the Mountaineers having refuſed to contribute to certain Duties for the Support of the Marine, the Inhabitants of the City wanted to compel them, which had occaſioned a bloody Action, wherein 6000 Men were ſlain on both Sides."

A Dutch Man of War, with Stores for the Corſicans, has lately been taken in the Mediterranean, by the Genoeſe.

Sept. 7. Orders are ſent to Woolwich, for a Quantity of Naval and Military Stores to be got in Readineſs to be ſhipped for America.

Sept. 8. Yeſterday a Proclamation was ſigned by his Majeſty in Council, for the meeting of Parliament, on Tueſday, the 8th of November next, at Weſtminſter, then to ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

Both the *Purport* and *Tenor* of all the late Diſpatches from America, is, *That the Coloniſts will never give up their Liberties.*

Sept. 10. Yeſterday Afternoon there was a grand Council at St. James, at which his Majeſty was preſent, which did not break up 'til Five o'Clock, ſaid to be on Account of ſome important Advices from North-America.

Sunday, the Pope's Niece, and her Attendants, were at the Quakers Meeting, in Gracechurch-Street, and ſtaid there above an Hour.

Yeſterday there was a Cabinet-Council held at St. James's, at which moſt of the great Officers of State aſſiſted; ſaid to be on Account of ſome Diſpatches received from our Commander in the Mediterranean, relative to Corſica; after which his Majeſty ſet out for Richmond.

A great Man, whoſe Influence in the Miniſtry is exceeded by none, has declared his Abhorrence of the Meaſures of the Americans in the ſevereſt Terms; but at the ſame Time has given it as his Opinion, that violent Steps ought not yet to be taken to enforce Obedience to the Laws of the Mother-Country; and we hear the ſame noble Perſonage has offered a Scheme for Conſideration (now under Debate) which ſeems to carry with it all the Weight that can be expected from Military Force, without the Poſſibility of its being attended with ſuch diſagreeable Conſequences as muſt naturally flow from the other.

The Neptune, Cocks, from Virginia, is arrived in the River, with 1250 Qrs. of Indian Corn.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, Auguſt 13.

"The Maſters of Two Ships arrived here in Three Days from Baſtia, give an Account, that they had heard a very briſk Firing in the Iſland of Corſica, which continued Night and Day, and had not ceaſed at their Departure. It is ſince reported, that, after Three very obſtinate Attacks, the French had taken Furiani, from whence the Corſicans, inferior in Number, were retired, after a great Effuſion of Blood on each Side."

A Letter from Italy, ſays, "The Bravery of the Corſicans begins to border on Deſpair, and makes them ſwerve from the common Uſages of War. They fire from their Ambuſcades directly on the French Officers, and the Women charge the Muſkets for their Huſbands, exhorting them not to fear a glorious Death in the Defence of their Country."

We hear, that in conſequence of repeated Inſults, very ſpirited Remonſtrances are ordered to be made to the Court of Portugal, by our Ambaſſador at that Place.

The Reaſon given by many of our Politicians for the Prorogation of an auguſt Aſſembly, is, that Government is deſirous of procuring all the Intelligence poſſible from America, before the Meaſures to be taken with the Coloniſts, are finally determined on.

Sept. 12. A Letter from Vienna, dated Auguſt 24, ſays, "A Courier is arrived here from Conſtantinople, diſpatched from thence the 28th Ult. with Advice, that the Grand Signior has raiſed an Army of 80,000 Men, the Command of which is given to the Pacha Coccina, to whom his Highneſs hath already given a conſiderable Sum of Money, in order to his making the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for the Junction and March of the ſaid Troops. Many Conjectures are formed on theſe warlike Arrangements.

Sept. 13. A Letter from the Frontiers of Turkey, dated Auguſt 20, ſays, "Every Thing bears the Appearance of War in this Empire; nay, it has already been announced, according to Cuſtom, by Sound of Trumpet, in all the Provinces; and Orders are ſent to the reſpective Governors, that all the Troops may file off towards Varna, in the Bulgaria, which is the general Rendezvous. Numbers are already arrived there, and others are in full March. Ruſſia appears to be the Object of theſe Preparations. But be it as it will, it ſeems that the Confederates of Poland have all along depended upon ſome Enterpriſe from the Porte. In the mean Time, they themſelves have filled the Country with Miſery and Confuſion; and, if the Turks ſhould now interfere, the Poles may probably, through the Ambition of ſome Grandees, ſee themſelves afflicted with Three Scourges, one of which alone is ſufficient to deſtroy a Nation, viz. War, Famine, and Peſtilence."

We are credibly informed, that a Plan has been laid before the great Officers of State, for the further Reduction of the National Debt, without laying any additional Tax on the Subject, which Plan is now under Conſideration.

Sept. 15. It is ſtrongly reported, that a French Man of War (in Violation of the Law of Nations, ſubſiſting even in the Midſt of War) watched a Daniſh Veſſel out of the Harbour of Leghorn, immediately purſued and took her; and that the Crew, together with Five Engliſh Gentlemen Paſſengers, among whom were a noble Lord, and a General Officer, were made Priſoners of War, and put on board the French Ship.

Yeſterday the Lord Chancellor had the Honour of a Conference with his Majeſty at St. James's.

The Grievances complained of by the different Colonies in America, which have been tranſmitted to the Secretaries of State here, are, we hear, to be laid before the Parliament at their next Meeting.

Letters from Rome adviſe, that Two Pieces of News were received there, which were not a little alarming; the firſt from Madrid, importing that ſome Battalions of Spaniſh Troops were about to embark at Barcelona; and the other from Naples, that Orders had been given for the Embarkation of the Regiment of Calabria; the Deſtination of which Troops, in the Opinion of many Perſons, has for Object the Invaſion of the State of Caſtro and Ronciglione, ſituated almoſt at the Gates of Rome.

It is ſaid our Court has lately received Propoſals relative to Corſica, which merit the moſt ſerious Conſideration.

Sept. 17. This Day the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor waited on the King of Denmark, at St. James's, and his Majeſty was pleaſed to accept the Invitation to dine at the Manſion-Houſe, and Friday next is the Day fixed for that Purpoſe.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Sept. 9.

"We have received the following Accounts from Corſica. The Count de Marbeuf having reſolved to attack Nonza, where the Corſican Chiefs had taken Refuge after the Defeat of the 1ſt of Auguſt, marched in Three Columns in the Night of the 23d of that Month. The Poſt of Olmetta was carried, after ſome Reſiſtance, by the Diviſion of the Center, under the Command of the Count de Coigny, and the left Diviſion, commanded by the Sieur de Grandmaiſon, forced

the Enemy upon ſome ſteep Rocks; after which the Two Columns marched againſt Nonza, from whence the Rebels retired with Precipitation; but they were ſtopped in their Flight by the Column under Count de Marbeuf; and, after having loſt a great many Men, were obliged to ſurrender themſelves as Priſoners, with 30 of their Chiefs; among whom are the Sieurs Barbaggio and Franciſchetti, One the Nephew, and the other, the Brother-in-Law, of the Sieur Paoli. The King's Troops behaved with great Bravery in theſe Actions, and had but Four Men killed, and Four wounded."

Several Ladies of the firſt Faſhion and Beauty, have lately held a private Conſultation on the pernicious Conſequences attending the preſent Mode of dreſſing their Heads, and we hear have unanimouſly reſolved not to ſuffer any more Wool, falſe Hair, ſcented Pomatum, or ſtinking Candle-Greaſe, to adorn their lovely Features for the future, which laudable Step, we hope, for the Honour of the Fair Sex, will be followed by all the fine Ladies in the Three Kingdoms.

Sept. 19. It is ſtrongly reported, and from good Authority, that a certain great Man in the Miniſtry, who not only ſtands high in the Opinion of the People of Great-Britain, but likewiſe of the Americans in general, has a Plan to propoſe, that will, in all Probability, be the Means of reſtoring a perfect Friendſhip and Harmony between Great-Britain and her Colonies; which muſt naturally be the ſincere Wiſh of every loyal Subject to his Majeſty.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, dated Auguſt 15.

"There are here continual Signs of War between us and France, chiefly, as ſuppoſed, to defend the Rights, Privileges, and Independency of the brave Corſicans.

"It is alſo rumoured, that a Gentleman, well known here for the Good he has done this Country, has received Advice from his Brother at Paris, that a French Man of War (contrary to the Laws of Nations) was very vigilant for the Departure of a Daniſh Veſſel out of the Harbour of Leghorn, directly went in Purſuit, and took her. The People on board are unknown to us; but it is abſolutely Fact, that we are making as much Preparation, as though War was this Minute going to be declared."

It is rumoured that a great Man has of late ſtrenuouſly urged the Neceſſity of a total Change in the Political Syſtem, both with Reſpect to Men and Meaſures.

Some Letters from Paris mention it as a Report, that Propoſals had been ſent to Court by General Paoli, for ceding the whole Iſland of Corſica to the French King, on certain Conditions.

Saturday Morning Two Tranſport Ships fell down the River from Woolwich, to complete their full Lading at Portſmouth, for Boſton in New-England.

They write from Amſterdam, that a final Stop has been put to the further Exportation of Naval Stores to France, or the Mediterranean.

Sept. 20. The ſecret Diſpatches, lately received from America, are not of ſuch a Nature, as was imagined, to require the immediate Meeting of Council.

Orders are ſent away, over Land, to Commodore Spry, in the Mediterranean, with poſitive Inſtructions, not to ſuffer any Ships of the Britiſh Nation to be ſtopped, or ſearched, on any Pretence whatever, either by the Genoeſe, French, or any other Power, in the Italian Seas.

It is thought that the preſent Situation of American Affairs, will produce ſome Revolutions as important to Government, as ever took Place in this Kingdom.

'Tis currently reported, that ſome material Changes and Alterations in the Miniſtry will take Place about the Meeting of a certain auguſt Aſſembly, among which the following have been mentioned: Earl Gower to be Lord Privy Seal, in the room of the Earl of Chatham, who is to reſign.

Lord Mansfield to be Preſident of the Council, in the room of Earl Gower.

Lord Rochford to be Secretary of State, in the room of Lord Shelburne.

'Tis alſo imagined that the Lord-Chancellor will reſign, and a Lord Keeper be appointed.

It is ſaid that a Stop will be put to the Exportation of Corn from North-America to France, Spain, Portugal, or any of the Mediterranean Markets, except Gibraltar, Minorca, and Corſica.

Extract of a Letter from Neufchatel.

"Some of the Aſſaſſins of Mr. Gaudot, late Advocate General of the King of Pruſſia at Neufchatel, have been broke upon the Wheel, hanged in Effigy, and the reſt of them baniſhed the Country.

"The Five following Articles, by Way of Puniſhment, to the Satisfaction of his Pruſſian Majeſty, have been impoſed upon the City of Neunbourg.

"1. That the Citizens who were on the 23d of May diſarmed by the Garriſon, ſhall remain ſo, for a Twelvemonth longer.

"2. That the Grenadier-Company, with their commiſſioned and non-commiſſioned Officers, ſhall be diſmiſſed, and aboliſhed for ever.

"3. That the Four Miniſters, and the Magiſtrates of the City of Neunbourg, ſhall come to the Caſtle together, and there, in the Preſence of the delegated Miniſter and Plenipotentiary, Baron de Darſhaw, the Vice-Governor, and with the reſt of his Pruſſian Majeſty's Counſellors of State, aſſembled on Purpoſe on this Occaſion, beg Pardon.

"4. That the City not only ſhall pay all the Expences, as well what is required to maintain the Auxiliary Troops, but alſo make good to the Widow of the late maſſacred Mr. Gaudot, the Damage ſhe ſuſtained by the Populace, as well in the Houſe, as Furniture.

"5. The Four laudable Cantons of Bern, Lucern, Frybourg, and Sollathern, guaranty and promiſe, that this Satisfaction ſhall be executed.

"In this Manner the Affair of Neufchatel has been ſettled and finiſhed; alſo agreed to make it known to the Public, in order that it may ſerve for an Anſwer to the various ſcurrilous Papers and Libels, publiſhed by the News-Writers of Hamburgh, from Time to Time, with a View of impoſing on the Public, and artfully endeavouring to conceal the Truth."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Ireland.

"——Faith we are not in a leſs rebellious State here, than the People in America. The Toaſts that are drank by many of the Electors, in various Parts of the Country, are little leſs than treaſonable; their Converſation abſolutely ſo; and the Promiſes which they force from the reſpective Candidates, of Queſtions to be moved, and Things to be done by them, when they ſhall be elected, are of the ſame Tendency. You drain us of our Troops, to ſend them to America, to quell the Tumults there; but I wiſh you may not have Occaſion to recal them for a ſimilar Purpoſe here, before your Intentions are effected on the American Colonies. There is a dreadful Party-Work here, I aſſure you."

WHITEHALL, *Sept.* 17. The King has been pleaſed to appoint George Mercer, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of his Majeſty's Province of North-Carolina, in America.

POLITICAL SPECULATIONS.

By all Accounts it appears to be a concerted Scheme between the Houſe of Bourbon and Auſtria, to divide the Territories of the Pope between them, and only to leave him a ſmall Principality, without any Power.

When Corſica and the Italian States are ingroſſed by Auſtria and Bourbon, they will then unite, and fall again on Sileſia, which will never be ſuffered to remain with Pruſſia. The Dutch will then not be able to withſtand the Power of France, while Pruſſia is engaged with Auſtria; and, as to the Ruſſians, they may probably, by that Time, be employed by the Poles, Turks, and Tartars.——There is nothing that can ſtop our approaching Ruin, and ſave Pruſſia, Holland and Corſica, but ſettling a proper Plan of Government with our American Colonies, and go to War, *By Sea only*, with France and Spain, by which we deſtroy their Reſources, through the Means of America, who will then greatly contribute thereto.

Another Thing we ought to dread, which People are not aware of: The French are encouraging Agriculture all over France, which if they are not diverted from, together with a Toleration, which is in Agitation, will ruin England; therefore it is the Intereſt of this Nation to be at War with France, by Sea only, every Seven Years, as the only Means of preſerving a Balance of Power in Europe.

BOSTON, *October* 29.

The Inhabitants of this Town have been of late greatly inſulted and abuſed, by ſome of the Officers and Soldiers: Several have been aſſaulted on frivolous Pretences, and put under Guard, without any lawful Warrant for ſo doing. A Phyſician of the Town, walking the Streets the other Evening, was joſtled by an Officer, when a Scuffle enſued, he was afterwards met by the ſame Officer, in company with another, both as yet unknown, who repeated his Blows, and, as it is ſuppoſed, gave him a Stroke with a Piſtol, which ſo wounded him as to endanger his Life. A Tradeſman of this Town, on going under the Rails of the Common, in his Way home, had a Thruſt in the Breaſt, with a Bayonet, from a Soldier; another Perſon paſſing the Street, was ſtruck with a Muſket; and the laſt Evening, a Merchant of the Town was ſtruck down by an Officer, who went into the Coffee-Houſe. Several Gentlemen following him in, and expoſtulating with the Officers, were treated in the moſt ungenteel Manner; but the moſt attrocious Offence, and alarming Behaviour, was that of a Captain, the laſt Evening, who, in Company with Two other Officers, endeavoured to perſuade ſome Negro Servants, to ill-treat and abuſe their Maſters, aſſuring them, that the Soldiers were come to procure their Freedoms; and, that with their Help and Aſſiſtance, they ſhould be able to drive all the Liberty-Boys to the Devil, with Diſcourſe of the like Import, tending to excite an Inſurrection. Depoſitions are now taking before the Magiſtrates, and Proſecutions at Common Law, are intended, the Inhabitants being determined to oppoſe, by the Law, ſuch Proceedings, apprehending it the moſt honourable, as well as the moſt ſafe and effectual Method of obtaining Satisfaction and Redreſs. At the ſame Time, they have a Right to expect that General Gage, will not remain an unconcerned Spectator of ſuch a Conduct, in any under his Command.——*Here, Americans, you may behold ſome of the firſt Fruits ſpringing up from that Root of Bitterneſs, a Standing Army. Troops are quartered upon us in a Time of Peace, on Pretence of preſerving Order, in a Town that was as orderly before their Arrival, as any large Town in the whole Extent of his Majeſty's Dominions; and a little Time will diſcover, whether we are to be governed by the Martial, or the Common Law of the Land.*

Nov. 7. We hear that next Tueſday ſails from Piſcataqua, for England, John Fiſher, Eſq; Brother to his Excellency Governor Wentworth, and lately diſmiſſed (by the Board of Commiſſioners) from his Office of Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Ports of Salem and Marblehead, much regretted by the whole County; for although rather ſtrict, yet he was punctual and impartial in his Office, and in private Life eſteemed by all an humane honeſt Man: What his Faults (or his imputed Faults are, is not yet made public.

Laſt Tueſday, upon a Complaint made by the Selectmen of this Town, before Richard Dana, and John Ruddock, Eſquires, Two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Suffolk, a Captain of the 59th Regiment, mentioned in the Warrant, and others unknown, ſtood charged with adviſing ſeveral Negro Slaves, in the Town, to beat, abuſe, and cut their Maſters Throats, promiſing them as a Reward, if they would appear at the Place of Parade, to make them free. Upon Examination of the Witneſſes, the ſaid Juſtices ordered the Captain to give Bond, with Surety, to appear and anſwer, at the Court of Aſſize in March next, and for his good Behaviour in the mean Time.

It is ſaid that the Selectmen have given it in Charge, to the Town-Watch, to ſee that good Order is obſerved in the Night; and that they take up all Negroes whom they find abroad at an unſeaſonable Hour.

Laſt Saturday Evening came to Town, Mr. Daniel Todd, who arrived at Providence, laſt Thurſday, from South-Carolina, who informs us, that he ſailed from Colerain, the 29th of Auguſt, in the Ship Providence, Thomas Clarke, Maſter, bound to New-York; but on the 9th of September, the Ship ſprung a Leak, and both Pumps were conſtantly at Work, and every poſſible Means were uſed to ſtop it, but without Effect; and, on the 11th, the Captain, Eight Paſſengers, and Four Sailors, took to the Long-Boat, leaving Nineteen Perſons on board, as the Boat could not poſſibly hold any more. In this dreadful Situation they remained Eight Days, and were reduced to great Extremities, when they were happily met with, and taken up, by the Ship Friendſhip, Capt. Cowen, from Scotland, bound to Carolina, who carried them ſafe in there.—'Tis ſuppoſed the Ship ſunk ſoon after they left her, as there was Nine Feet of Water in her Hold. The Yawl put off from the Ship with Four Hands, juſt before the Long-Boat, and has not been heard of ſince.

Captain Howard informs, that he left Cork the 7th of September, and, that the ſame Day ſailed the Man of War and Tranſports, having on board, as he heard, 2000 Troops for Boſton. That he parted from them the next Day after he came out, and met with contrary Winds, and, he ſuppoſes, the ſame Winds will make the Paſſage of the Fleet a Fortnight longer.

The Fleet from Ireland, it is ſaid, conſiſts of Twelve Sail.

NEW-YORK, *November* 10.

The Sloop Mercury, Captain Kain, juſt arrived, left Hiſpaniola the 13th of October, ſays, Trade is very briſk, Proviſions cheap, the French in remarkable high Spirits, on the Conduct of our public Affairs, our domeſtic Diſturbances, the Meaſures purſued by our Miniſtry, and the great Advantages they, the French and Spaniards, are making, and expect to make thereby.

Nov. 14. Saturday laſt, his Majeſty's Ship Huſſar, arrived at Sandy-Hook, and Yeſterday came up here: She was Convoy to the Troops for Boſton, from Ireland; ſo that, though no Mention is made of the Arrival of thoſe Troops at Boſton, on Monday laſt, yet we preſume they are arrived there ſince.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 17.

Extract of a Letter from London, September 17, 1768.

"The Buſtle about Wilkes has wholly ſubſided, and he now lives (whatever the Papers may aſſert to the contrary) a very ſolitary and neglected Life, in the King's-Bench-Priſon.—The Parliament aſſembles, you ſee, the 8th of November: Whether any Change in the Miniſtry will take Place before that Time, I have not yet been able to learn, but they have Plenty of Buſineſs to do. Beſides the Conteſted Elections, and other Affairs incident to the Firſt Seſſion of a new Parliament, there is a Multitude of other Matters, that require the deepeſt Attention; what relates to North-America more eſpecially. The late Paper and Glaſs-Act, now complained of, was, I humbly think, a moſt unſeaſonable and pernicious Meaſure; and yet I am certain there is, in Fact, no Diſpoſition in the Legiſlature of this Country, to vex, plague, or lay any heavy Burdens upon you. The paſſing of this very Law was occaſioned ſolely by a Promiſe extorted from the late Charles Townſend, by the Oppoſition, with Grenville at their Head, that ſome effectual Revenue ſhould be obtained that Seſſion from North-America. But whether, now, it is paſt, they may think it prudent to repeal it, I will not pretend to ſay. Be that as it may, I hope it will not be in the Power of factious, turbulent, and ill-deſigning Men, on either Side of the Water, to widen the Breach more than is neceſſary, as neither Side will find their Account in quarrelling. There, our common Enemies muſt be the only Gainers, as perhaps will be diſcovered when it is too late. But I am ſtill hopeful ſome lucky Expedient will be hit on, to quiet all theſe Diſcontents, and ſet every Thing to Rights again.

"Lord Bute is now drinking the Waters at Bruges, but has yet received no Benefit from them; and his Want of Appetite, and Diſinclination to ſleep, ſtill continuing, it is thought he will ſoon return. It is ſaid, and I believe not without Foundation, that the French take Poſſeſſion of Corſica, by virtue of a private Article in the late Treaty of Peace. If ſo, it will be a Handle againſt him; and, in that Caſe, it may be prudent for his Lordſhip to withdraw 'til the Storm is over."

On Tueſday the Gentlemen, Commiſſioners for this Province, returned from the Indian Treaty, held at Fort Stanwix; where we learn every Thing was concluded to the Satisfaction of all concerned.

Extract of a Letter from Boſton, dated November 5.

"The Commiſſioners have taken ſome pretty Airs, and made out Libels upon ſeveral Gentlemen for running Goods, to the Amount of ſeveral Thouſand Pounds.—Mr. H——k is amongſt the reſt, whom they have arreſted for 9000l. Sterling; after much Perſuaſion, he accepted Bail of his Friends, and therefore is not confined—The Commiſſioners are ſtill ſo fond of the Caſtle, that they have not yet appeared in Town, altho' the Troops have been here ſometime."

It is ſaid the Deputy-Sheriff, who is, by the Law and the Conſtitution, a Conſervator of his Majeſty's Peace, was oppoſed by the Military, in his attempting to ſerve a Warrant from Mr. Juſtice Dana and Ruddock—A ſufficient Number of the Town-Inhabitants, were, at the ſame Time, as they always have been, ready and willing to aſſiſt the Civil Officer in the legal Diſcharge of his Duty.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 24.

Arrived at *London*, from *Maryland*, the *Roday*, PURDEY; *Betſey*, HANDRICK; *Induſtry*, CIRCAUD; and *Beverly*, COULSON.

*** *We are deſired to inform the Public, that the Anſwer to Mr.* SAMUEL CHEW's *Piece, which was printed ſome Time ago in the* Maryland Gazette, *was left in Mr.* Goddard's *Hands in Auguſt laſt, tho' it never appeared in the* Philadelphia Chronicle, *'til laſt Week, owing to the numerous Correſpondents who engage that Paper.*

TO HIS EXCELLENCY

HORATIO SHARPE, ESQUIRE,

Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of MARYLAND.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Juſtices and Grand-Jury for *Baltimore* County, approach your Excellency, with a Concern that appears equally to affect all Degrees of People, upon the Advices received of your being

shortly to acquit your Administration over them. An Administration eminently distinguished for Justice and Mercy; in which, whilst you was giving ample Proofs of an honourable Firmness in Support of his Majesty's Prerogative, and his Lordship's Rights, your Excellency, with a Benevolence of Heart, that we trust entitles you to his Majesty's gracious Approbation, as it assuredly hath endeared you to us, carefully avoided any Infringement of the Rights of the Subject, thereby preserving the Laws, and that Peace and Happiness, in your Province, which are the chief End of Society, and of Government.

We beg your Excellency's favourable Acceptance of these our grateful Acknowledgements; and that you will please to be assured of our earnest Prayer, that your Excellency may long enjoy Health and Felicity, amongst an affectionate People.

To his Excellency

HORATIO SHARPE, Esquire,

Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of Maryland,

The ADDRESS *of the*

MAGISTRATES & GRAND-JURORS

of Frederick *County*,

May it please your Excellency,

TRULY sensible of the Happiness which has resulted to the Inhabitants of this Province, from your Excellency's Administration, We beg Leave to express our sincere Regret, at the Apprehension of your quitting the high Department in which you have long presided, with so much general Satisfaction.

The unremitting Assiduity of your Excellency in discharging the Duties of your Station, and the constant Attention you have manifested in promoting the Welfare of the People, demand our warmest Acknowledgments; and whilst we concur with the general Voice in lamenting our approaching Loss, permit us more especially to assure your Excellency, that we entertain a grateful Remembrance of your spirited and humane Conduct during the late War, by which Protection was in a particular Manner afforded to the distressed Inhabitants of this County, and the Service of our Sovereign greatly promoted.

Impressed with a due Sense of your Excellency's unwearied Application to the Affairs of Government, we beg Leave to express our sincerest Wishes that you may long enjoy that uninterrupted Happiness, which cannot fail to flow from a Consciousness of having supported with Honour and Integrity, the Prerogatives of his Majesty and the Lord Proprietor, with a just Regard to the Rights of the People.

Thomas Prather,	*Evan Shelby*,
Charles Jones,	*William Blair*,
David Lynn,	*Robert Peter*,
Andrew Heugh,	*Thomas Sprigg Wootton*,
William Luckett,	*Æneas Campbell*,
Thomas Price,	*Jos. Tomlinson*.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, *in the Ship* Jenifer, *Capt.* Kerr, *and to be sold by the Subscribers, in* Baltimore-Town,

A PARCEL of healthy indented SERVANTS, amongst which are many TRADESMEN. The above Ship will come down for a Day or Two to *Annapolis*.——She can carry 10,000 Bushels of Wheat, or 370 Hogsheads of Tobacco, and is to be chartered for any Part of *Europe*. For Terms apply to

JAMES & ROBERT CHRISTIE.

November 24, 1768.

JUST IMPORTED from BRISTOL, *in the Ship* Randolph, *Capt.* John Wever Price,

ONE HUNDRED and FIFTEEN CONVICTS, Men, Women, and Lads: Among whom are several Tradesmen, who are to be sold on board the said Ship, now in *Annapolis* Dock, this Day, To-Morrow, and Saturday next, by

SMYTH & SUDLER.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Henry Hawke*, living on *Carroll*'s Manor, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a sorrel HORSE, about 12 Hands and an Half high, Nine Years old, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock with the Letter H.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Andrew Rench*, near *Anti-Eatam*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as Strays, a middle-sized bay MARE, with a Star in her Forehead, is dock'd and branded on the near Shoulder with the Letters I M. Also a Horse Colt, of a brown Colour, has a Star in his Forehead, and is about Three Months old.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

WANTED, on Hire, a PLANTATION, having a Sufficiency of Hands and Stock thereon.——For Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber, living at the Plantation of Mr. *Hesselius*, on the North-Side of *Severn*.

JOHN GRANT.

Frederick-Town, Cecil County, *Oct.* 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Esqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-House in *Chester-Town*, compleatly finished, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are close; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Business. On the same Lot is a large Brick House, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Compting-House. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) JOSEPH EARLE.

Piscattaway, Nov. 10, 1768.

ON Tuesday, the 29th Instant, a MATCH of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for, on the same Ground that the Races were run on in *October* last, between JOHN ADDISON, Esquire's Horse, Dutchman, and Mr. ROBERT HANSON's Fox. And,

On the Day following, will be run for, on the same Course, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, (Mr. Hall's *Fearnought* excepted) a PURSE of TWELVE POUNDS, and the Entrance, which will be One Shilling for each Pound. The Horses must run Four Times round the Poles to a Heat, and to carry Weight for Size, according to the Rules of last Races.——The Horses to be entered with Messrs. *Francis King*, and *Alexander Burrell*, the Day preceeding the Race, or to pay double at the Pole.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Maryland, Sept. 1, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Bush-Creek*, near *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, the Two following Convict Servants, *viz.*

WILLIAM SIMMONS, an *Englishman*, by Trade a Barber, is fond of expressing his Calling; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a sandy Colour, has large white Eyes, and very high Cheek Bones: Had on a Check Shirt, blue Cloth double-breasted Jacket, a Pair of Country Linen Trowsers, old Shoes, and a Castor Hat, half worn.

WILLIAM BURNS, an *Englishman*, a lusty well made Fellow, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a yellow Colour, has a very brazen Look, and is much given to Swearing, he also has a large Scar on his right Arm, which he often shows when in Company: Had on a Crocus Shirt, brown Kersey Jacket, a Pair of full'd Country Cloth Breeches, old Hat and Shoes; they also took with them, a strip'd Match-Coat Blanket. Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so as their Master may get them again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

(7w) WILLIAM DUVALL.

*** I have been informed of Two Men, answering the above Description, being seen passing from *Lower-Marlborough*, down *Patuxent* River; and, as Freemen, offering themselves to man any Vessel going to Sea. If any Captains of Vessels, or others, should remember employing them, on giving me Notice thereof, the Favour shall be gratefully acknowledged; and, if they are taken up, 'tis requested particular Care may be taken of them, as they are both grand Villains, and will endeavour, if possible, to make their Escape. *W. D.*

SCHEME

OF A

LOTTERY

For raising the Sum of Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds, for purchasing an ORGAN for the New-Church, and building a MARKET-HOUSE, in the Town of ALEXANDRIA, *viz.*

Prizes.		Pounds.		Pounds.
5	of	100	are	500
5	—	50	—	250
10	—	25	—	250
20	—	10	—	200
100	—	5	—	500
860	—	30*s.*	—	1290
1000	Prizes.	First drawn Blank,		5
2000	Blanks.	Last drawn Blank,		5
3000	Tickets at 20*s.*			£. 3000

Fifteen *per Cent.* deducted from the Prizes, amounts to £. 450, the Sum wanted.

In this Scheme, there are no more than Two Blanks to a Prize; and, for the small Value, and Number of Tickets, there are many considerable Prizes.—Many Schemes of Lotteries, for various Purposes, and of various Constructions, are offered to the Public, they are indeed become common; by many it is reckoned a Species of Gaming, it may be so, yet certainly this is the most justifiable, perhaps laudable, because for Public Uses. The Promoters hope they will meet with that Encouragement in the Sale of the Tickets, which so good and useful an Intention merits, and will enable them to draw the Lottery in Six Months. The Adventurers may be assured it will be drawn as soon as the Tickets are sold.——Immediately after Drawing, a List of the Prizes will be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes.

Prizes not demanded in Six Months, after Drawing, will be esteemed given for the Benefit of the Lottery.

The Managers are, *William Ramsay*, *John Carlyle*, *John Dalton*, *Robert Adam*, *John Muir*, *Harry Piper*, *Thomas Fleming*, *George Washington*. Trustees, *Thomas Kirkpatrick*, *Henry Riddle*, *Richard Arle*, *Hall* and *Gilpin*, *William Rumney*, *Robert Harrison*, *Thomas Carson*, of whom Tickets may be had: They act upon Oath, and give Bond faithfully to discharge their Trust.

Dollars will be taken at Six Shillings, and paid away at the same Rate.

JAMES DICK & STEWART,

At their Store, in Church-Street, Annapolis,

HAVE opened, for Sale, an Assortment of COARSE WOOLLENS, suitable for the Season, lately imported.——They have likewise a few Bales of said Woollens, unopened, which they will sell by Wholesale, at a reasonable Advance.—Also choice *Barbados* Rum, by the Hogshead, *Muscovado* Sugar, by the Hogshead, Tierce, Barrel, or Hundred.—Old *Madeira* Wine, by the Pipe, Hogshead, or Quarter-Cask, *St. Ube's* Salt, Cordage, and Ship-Chandlery, as usual, &c. (3w)

October 20, 1768.

To be SOLD, *or let on* CHARTER,

THE Sloop BETSEY, a strong Vessel, will carry about 3500 Bushels, now lying at *Annapolis*, but will sail the latter End of next Week, for *St. Leonard's* Creek, *Patuxent*. She is just cleaned, and well found, and will, if Chartered, be fit to receive her Lading at Five Days Notice.

For Terms, apply to Mr. *Joshua Johnson*, at *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, on board.

GEORGE COOK.

Queen-Anne, November 15, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, some Time in *July* last, a Mulatto Servant Man, named PHILIP GRAY, a well-set Fellow, about Five Feet Eight Inches high, and much pitted with the Small-Pox. It is supposed that he is harboured by some free Negro, near *Elk-Ridge*, or has made off to *Baltimore* County. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him, shall be paid TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought to

(tf) Wm. T. WOOTTON.

October 27, 1768.

EIGHT POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away on the Night of the 14th of *July* last, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, the following Convict Servants, *viz.*

JAMES COORT, (*alias* Court) born in the County of *Kent*, in *England*, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, and about 28 Years of Age, has an oval Face, and short Hair, which is dark; his Nose has a Cast to one Side, and his right Foot turns in more than his left, and speaks the *Kentish* Dialect: Had on, and took with him, a blue Fearnought Jacket, Two Osnabrig Shirts, Osnabrig Trowsers, an old Cloth Coat, and Breeches of a *Spanish* brown Colour, and the Coat has been mended in the Lining, with Pompadour coloured Shalloon, a flower'd cut Velvet Jacket, Yarn Stockings, half worn Shoes, and a new *Carolina* Felt Hat.

ISABELLA WATSON, of a fair Complexion, sandy-coloured Hair, has a round Face, pitted with the Small-Pox, of a middle Stature, but thick, and about 24 Years of Age: Had on, and took with her, an Osnabrig Shift, and a white Linen ditto, a striped Country Cloth Petticoat, a new blue Shalloon ditto, and a new Osnabrig ditto, a new Purple sprig-stamped Cotton Gown, a blue and white short Gown, old Stays, and a black Silk Bonnet, a Silk Handkerchief, Two red stamped Linen ditto, white Yarn Stockings, and a Pair of Country-made Pumps, and a small Looking-Glass, with sundry other Things.——The above Servants came into the Country in the Year 1764, in the *Neptune*, Capt. *Somerville*.——Whoever takes up said Servants, and brings them to their Master, or secures them in any Jail, and gives Notice thereof, so as he may hear of them soon after their Committment, shall have Four Pounds Reward for each; and, if taken, and brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by

(4w) JOHN F. A. PRIGGS.

To be Sold by Thomas Addison, *Jun. living upon* Patowmack *River*, Prince-George's *County*,

Two Hundred BARRELS of

INDIAN CORN.

Charles County, *October* 18, 1768.

I HAVE for Sale at my own House, between Twenty and Thirty valuable Slaves, and will give Credit for Two or Three Years, on giving Security, if required, also Land to lease out for Twenty-One Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

To be SOLD, pursuant to the Will and Testament of Thomas Sappington, *deceased*,

ABOUT 700 Acres of LAND, being Part of a TRACT, called Sappington's Sweep, lying in *Anne-Arundel* County, about 3 Miles from *Patuxent* Iron-Works. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber, living about 6 Miles from said Works.

(w4) FRANCES SAPPINGTON, Executrix.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD at the Printing-Office,

THE

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

For the YEAR 1769,

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. We have added a Sheet extraordinary this Year, for the Benefit of our Customers only, as we shall dispose of them at the usual Price of 5*s. per* Dozen, or 8 Coppers single.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship NANCY, JAMES THOMPSON *Master, from* Liverpool *and* Dublin, *by*

HUDSON & THOMPSON,

Who came in said Ship, to settle at Baltimore-Town,

A LARGE Assortment of *European* GOODS, suitable for the Season, *viz.* Woollen-Drapery, in all its Branches; Mercery; Haberdashery; Millinery; *Manchester* Goods; Saddlery; Stationary; Ship-Chandlery; Braziery; Cutlery and Hard-Ware; Dry-Saltery; Groceries; Felt and Castor Hats; Sailors, and Hunting Caps; strip'd Linseys; Grograms; Superfine ribb'd Stockings; Worsted and Yarn ditto; Silk and Worsted ditto; Rugs; *Indian* Blanketing; full Suits of Superfine Broad-Cloaths, and Trimmings; Womens, Girls, and Childrens Stays; home-made Checks; brown Hollands; brown Sheetings; white Sheetings; a large Assortment of *Irish* Linens; *German, English, Irish,* and *Scotch* Osnabrigs; Hempen-Rolls; *German, English,* and *Irish* Dowlas; hempen and flaxen Sacking; *Warrington* Sail-Cloth; *Kendal,* and *Welsh* Cottons; Crown-Glass Squares of all Sizes; FF Gunpowder; Drop-Shot; Bar-Lead; common and double Flint; Glass-Ware; Gardevine Squares; *French* Indico; bottled Snuff; Roll-Brimstone; Saltpetre; Copperas; Allum; Mens Boots and Shoes; Womens, Leather, Calimanco, and Everlasting Shoes; Childrens Morocco ditto; Hair Sifters; Lawn, and Silk Searchers; Pipes; Brushes of all Sorts; Nails of all Sorts and Sizes; Wigs; Sail-Twine; Bed-Cords; Top-Sean Twine; deep Sea, Log, Drum, Cat, and Perch Lines; Halters and Tresses; white Rope; Box-Cordage; Corks, and Cork-Wood for Sean-Nets; mix'd Paints; Iron Pots, Pans, Frying-Pans, Cast Iron Tea-Kettles, Skillets, *&c. English* Loaf-Sugar; a large Quantity of Five and Seven Years old bottled Beer, in Tierces, containing 5½ Dozen each; a very large Assortment of Crockery, and Earthen-Ware, consisting of most of the Articles in that Branch; China, and Copperplate Ware; *Liverpool* fine Salt; and a Parcel of Coals.

The above Goods, with many other Articles too tedious to insert here, will be sold by Wholesale and Retail, at a low Advance. The said HUDSON and THOMPSON will import, annually, Spring and Fall, Cargoes of Goods. Such as please to favour them with their Custom in the Wholesale Way, may depend on being served on easy Terms, and their Orders to *England* punctually observed and complied with. Patterns of several Sorts of Goods, suitable for the Spring, may be seen at their Store, in *Gay-Street*. Market Prices for all Sorts of Produce.——A young Man is wanted, that understands Business, and is well acquainted in *Baltimore* County.

*** The above Ship *Nancy, James Thompson* Master, now lying at *Fell*'s Point, sails for *Dublin*, the 20th of *December* next, and will take in Goods at a low Freight. For Particulars, apply to *Hudson* and *Thompson*, or the Captain, on Board.

WHEREAS the Land, called HEATH's RANGE, (the First Part) was advertised to be sold, at Public Vendue, at the Town of *Warwick*, in *Cæcil* County, *Maryland*, on the Third Day of *October*, and their being but few Persons to purchase, this is to give Notice, that the said Land will be sold, at Public Vendue, at the Place aforesaid, on the Fourth Tuesday in *November* Inst. agreeable to the Will of *James Heath*, Esq; deceased, to which a Title, in Fee, will be given, by

JOHN LEE WEBSTER,
SUSANNA WEBSTER,
DANIEL C. HEATH.

N. B. The Town of *Warwick* is included in the said Tract, and will also be sold at the same Time.

October 10, 1768.

RAN away Yesterday Morning, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George*'s County, near *Nottingham*, an indented Servant Man, named GEORGE DILLADD, a Bricklayer by Trade, about Five Feet Nine Inches high, he is about Forty Years of Age, an *Englishman*, born in or near *Liverpool*, of a dark Complexion, and pitted with the Small-Pox; is afflicted with a remarkable Lameness, occasioned by being shot through the left Leg, when in the Service, as a Soldier, in One of the Regiments in the late Wars in *America*, which makes him halt and tread on his left Toes; the Calf of which Leg is much withered, and is much smaller than the other: Had on, when he went away, a blue Coat with Horn Buttons, a brown Jacket, Osnabrig Shirt, Breeches and Trowsers, Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, a Bob-Wig, and an old Hat: has also with him sundry Papers, among which is a Discharge from the Regiment he served in, and a Discharge from the Hospital where the Cure of his Leg was effected, (which is now broke out again) he may probably make Use of the said Discharges to pass him off as a Freeman.—Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN F. A. PRIGGS.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, living near *Hughs*'s Forge, on the 10th of *October* last, a black MARE, Seven Years old, about 14 Hands high, has a small white Spot in her Forehead, shod all round, trots, and is branded on the near Buttock, F R.——Whoever takes up, and secures said Mare, and Thief, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and for the Mare alone, Forty Shillings. I have strong Suspicion of one *James Bigger*, a noted Rogue, who has, within these Three Years, broke several Jails: He was seen near my House the Night before, and had on a new Pair of Leather Breeches, with blue Leggings over them, and had on a Hunting-Shirt over his other Cloaths; he is about Five Feet Nine Inches high, of a red Complexion.

JOHN ROHRER.

Talbot County, *October* 31, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 30th Instant, a Servant Man, named JOHN CYAS, a Shoemaker by Trade, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, fair Complexion, about 28 Years of Age, born in *Chester*, but liv'd 10 or 12 Years in *London*, and speaks very good *English*: Had on, and took with him, a Dowlas Shirt, One Osnabrig ditto, One Pair of dark striped Holland Trowsers, and One Pair of Osnabrig ditto, a Snuff coloured Broad Cloth Coat and Waistcoat, the Coat lined with Green, pretty much worn, One Pair of new grey Stockings, Country-made, and One Pair of new Pumps, with a good Hat, and an old Wig. It is supposed that one *William Blanch* is gone with him, who belongs to Mr. *Francis Baker*. Said *Cyas*, when he works, holds his Fore-Finger of his right Hand strait out, occasioned by a Cut.——Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, so as the Owner may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

(w3) WILLIAM BLAKE.

*** Said *Cyas* came in the Ship *Good-Intent*, Captain *George Haddon*, Commander, consigned to Mr. *Anthony Banning*, of *Miles-River*, the 24th Day of *January* last. All Masters of Ships are forewarn'd from carrying him off, at their Peril. *W. B.*

Upper-Marlborough, October 25, 1768.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A YOUNG MAN, that is capable of tending in a Tavern; or rather one who has been brought up in the Vintner's Business.——Also a COOK, that perfectly understands his (or her) Business. Such may find good Encouragement, by applying to WILLIAM URQUHART.

*** It is desired none will apply, but those who can give an undeniable Character for their Sobriety and Honesty. (4w)

October 14, 1768.

STOLEN last Night, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George*'s County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, B; he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever secures the said Horse, so as I may get him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by

BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

Annapolis, July 19, 1768.

MARIA HUME, MILLINER,
From LONDON,
Is just arrived in Town, at Mrs. HOWARD's, *near the* PRINTING-OFFICE,

WHERE she makes all Sorts of MILLINERY WORK.——Ladies Head Dresses in the newest Fashion, Hats, Bonnets, Cloaks, *&c.* Slips and Frocks, for young Ladies, made in the newest Manner.——She also washes Laces, Blond Lace and Gauzes, to look equal to new; likewise Silk Stockings, *&c.* and makes Mens Linen of all kinds.

Rock-Hall, August 30, 1768.

THE Subscriber begs Leave to inform the Public, that he keeps the Ferry, from *Rock-Hall* to *Annapolis*, and from *Annapolis* to *Rock-Hall*, and from *Rock-Hall* to *Baltimore-Town*, at the following Rates, *viz.*

From ROCK-HALL, to ANNAPOLIS,	
For a Single Man,	£0 15 0
If more, each,	0 7 6
A Single Man and Horse,	0 15 0
For an open Chair,	0 7 6
A Chaise, with a Top,	0 10 0
For a Four-Wheel Carriage,	0 15 0
From ANNAPOLIS, to ROCK-HALL,	
For a Single Man,	0 7 6
For Man and Horse,	0 12 6
An open Chair,	0 7 6
A Chaise, with a Top,	0 10 0
For a Four-Wheel Carriage,	0 15 0
On every Tuesday, Men at	0 5 0
From ROCK-HALL, to BALTIMORE-TOWN,	
A Single Man,	1 0 0
For more than one,	0 12 6
For Man and Horse,	1 5 0

And, as he keeps the best Boats, Hands, and good Entertainment for Man and Horse, hopes he shall meet with Encouragement. Those who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on their being faithfully and expeditiously served, by

Their humble Servant,
(3w) ABRAHAM AYRES.

Annapolis, July 28, 1768.

WHEREAS my late Master, Mr. ANDREW BUCHANAN, has generously declined his Business, of BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER, in Favour of the Subscriber, who has removed next Door to Mr. *Robert Couden*'s, where he has supplied himself with a fresh Assortment of Hair, and other Materials, for carrying on his Business, and hopes for the Encouragement of all Gentlemen, Ladies, and others, as they may depend on being served honestly, with every Article, in his Way, and after the newest Fashions.

(tf) JAMES REID.

This Day is PUBLISHED,

AN

ADDRESS to the VESTRYMEN CHURCH-WARDENS and PARISHIONERS of the Parish of *All-Saints*, in *Frederick* County;

WHEREIN

The AUTHOR's Conduct is explained, and his Character vindicated from the Aspersions thrown upon it in the MARYLAND GAZETTE:

WITH A

PREFACE.

By BENNET ALLEN, Chaplain and Agent to the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary, in *Maryland*. (tf)

*** *To be had at Mr.* Williams's *Store, at the Dock, in* Annapolis.

Annapolis, Sept. 21, 1768.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby requested to discharge their respective Accounts immediately, without further Notice. And, whereas I have, through a Course of several Years Dealing, given large and extensive Credits, so as in many Instances to be a considerable Sufferer thereby; yet, from Principles of Lenity and Forbearance, and a Conviction of the Difficulties arising to Debtors in general, from the great Scarcity of Cash in the Province, I have hitherto neglected to take the necessary Steps to compel Payment; I am however at last reduced to the Necessity of taking this preparatory Step, towards collecting my outstanding Debts. Those therefore who are interested, will, by a speedy Compliance with this Requisition, avoid the Trouble and Expence attending the usual Method of Recovery by Law.

HENRY CATON.

THE Subscriber takes this Method to inform the Public, that he keeps the Ferry from *Annapolis*, to *Kent-Island*, and *Rock-Hall*; and proposes to carry, at the following Rates:

To KENT-ISLAND,	
For a Single Man,	£0 7 6
If more than one, each,	0 3 9
A Single Man and Horse,	0 10 0
If more, going in the same Boat, each,	0 7 6
For an open Chair,	0 7 6
A Chaise, with a Top,	0 10 0
A Four-Wheel Chaise,	0 15 0
A Chariot, or Coach,	0 17 6
To ROCK-HALL,	
For a Single Man,	0 15 0
If more, each,	0 7 6
A Single Man and Horse,	0 17 6
If more, in the same Boat, each,	0 12 6
For an open Chair,	0 12 6
A Chaise, with a Top,	0 15 0
A Four-Wheel Chaise,	0 17 6
A Chariot, or Coach,	1 2 6

And, as he keeps the best Entertainment, and as good Boats and Hands, as any that cross the Bay, hopes to meet with Encouragement. Those who shall favour him with their Custom, will greatly oblige,

Their humble Servant,
(tf) SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

THE Subscriber intending to remove next Spring, will sell his Dwelling Place, containing 30 Acres of Land, lying within one Mile of *Frederick-Town*, in *Cecil* County, *Maryland*. There is on said Land, a Brick Dwelling-House and Kitchen, a fram'd Meat-House, a good Garden, about Six Acres of good Meadow, Eight or Nine Acres of Pasture, the remaining Part Branch and Wood-Land. There is also on said Place, a good Grist-Mill, with a Pair of *French* Burs, and a Pair of *Bucks* County Stones therein, a separate Boulting-Chest for Merchants and Country Work, and every other Article for carrying on the Milling-Business. In one of the Meadows is a Spring of excellent good Water, and many other Conveniencies, too tedious to mention.—Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Time, and view the Premises, by applying to *James Hughes*, living thereon.

N. B. The above mentioned Place is a good Stand for a Store of *West-India* and *European* Goods. The Mill may be entered on immediately.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *James Hughes*, late of *Cecil* County, deceased, are desired to make Payment to prevent Trouble; and those who have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, properly proved, so as they may be settled and paid, by JAMES HUGHES.

WANTED,

A PERSON well acquainted with the Business of a COUNTY CLERK's OFFICE. Such a one, on Application to the Printer, will be duly encouraged.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.